



UrbaChinaNewsletter



UrbaChina, a FP7 programme coordinated by CNRS-EHESS

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Smog journey

edited by Jacqueline Nivard

The film is intended to show that every Chinese citizen, regardless of socioeconomic status or geography, is affected by dirty air.

<http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/11832>

Heritage movements in Asia

edited by Jacqueline Nivard

Call for Contributors: Cultural Heritage Activism, Politics and Identity. Heritage Movements in Asia.

<http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/11789>

Will urbanisation do away with nomads?

written by Miguel Elosua

This photo was taken near Langmu monastery (Langmusi - 浪木寺) in April 2010. This area marks the administrative dividing line between the provinces of Gansu and Sichuan. According to the Tibetan division, however, the region belongs to Amdo, the easternmost Tibetan region, which covers part of Qinghai, part of Sichuan, and a small corner...

<http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/11844>

UrbaChina final conference: presentations now online

written by Sebastien Goulard

We are pleased to share the presentations held during UrbaChina final conference.

<http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/11808>

<http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/urbachina-edition@services.cnrs.fr>





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Measuring eco cities, comparing European and Asian experiences: Rotterdam versus Beijing

edited by Monique Abud

Comparing Beijing and Rotterdam, this paper by Meine Pieter van Dijk suggests ten dimensions for defining ecological cities and tries to provide indicators to measure them.

<http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/11690>

Neighborhood politics in urban China

edited by Monique Abud

Book written by Luigi Tomba (Australian National University). It describes "how the goals of a government consolidated in a distant authority materialize in citizens' everyday lives".

<http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/11670>

Complementary strategies to eco-cities for a new Chinese urbanization

edited by Jacqueline Nivard

The article highlights the need for urban renewal and re-use of the existing housing in Chinese cities, in combination with the current "eco-cities" trend, in view of an expected new urbanization. Buildings' regeneration would be one of the main factors leading to sustainable growth in China, as happened in Europe.

<http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/11793>

Second homes in Hainan (I): reducing dependency.

written by Sebastien Goulard

The Second homes phenomenon and dependency to real estate in the province of Hainan.

<http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/11781>



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*Funded under the European Commission's Seventh Framework Programme, **UrbaChina** is a collaborative project managed by a consortium of 11 leading Chinese and European research institutions. **UrbaChina** analyses China's urbanisation trends for the next 40 years and define possible future scenarios with reference to concepts of sustainability.*

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