



Application request for a research blog on Hypotheses

This document is an example given so you can prepare to fill in the online form, which is the only valid application.

A blogging platform open to the whole of the humanities and social sciences

This application form is an opportunity for you to present your project to [Hypotheses](http://hypotheses.org/?lang=en_GB) (http://hypotheses.org/?lang=en_GB), a research blogging portal open to the entire academic community across the disciplines of the humanities and social sciences.

If you would like to publish a fieldwork blog, a scientific column on a specific topic, a log of ongoing collective research, an archaeological dig blog, a news scan blog, or a journal/books blog, you can apply to start a blog on the platform.

In order to join the portal, the project sponsor must state his or her academic position and present a clearly defined research project.

Hypotheses portal is an initiative from the [Centre for Open Electronic Publishing \(Cléo\)](http://cleo.openedition.org/) (<http://cleo.openedition.org/>), a laboratory co-funded by the French National Centre for Scientific Research (CNRS), the École des Hautes Études en Sciences Sociales (EHESS), Aix-Marseille University and the University of Avignon. It also runs the [Revues.org](http://www.revues.org) (<http://www.revues.org>) and (<http://calenda.org>) [Calenda](http://calenda.org) (<http://calenda.org>) portals. The service is free.

Who examines the applications?

Once complete, your application form will be sent to the Hypotheses team, who will examine the application in accordance with the criteria set out by the [Hypotheses Academic Board](http://en.hypotheses.org/about/academic-committee) (<http://en.hypotheses.org/about/academic-committee>). The team may also make recommendations about your application.

How do I fill out the form?

You can save the information you have already provided and come back to it later by clicking on "Finish later". You will then be asked to choose a username and password and will receive an automatic email containing a link to the questionnaire you need to complete.

Please note that you will need to choose a new username and password each time you save the form and come back later.

Who do I contact?

If you encounter any problems when filling out the form, do not hesitate to contact us at hypotheses@openedition.org (<https://survey.openedition.org/index.php/51981/lang/fr/token/hypotheses@openedition.org>).

Step 1 – General informations on the scholarly blog

* Main language of the blog

Choose one of the following answers

Please choose **only one** of the following:

- ☐ German
- ☐ English
- ☐ Spanish
- ☐ French
- ☐ Italian
- ☐ Portuguese
- ☐ Other (specify)

* Title of the blog

Please write your answer here:

We recommend that you choose a relatively short title (no more than 50 characters) and that you do not change this title once the blog has been added to the [OpenEdition catalogue](https://www.openedition.org/catalogue-notebooks) (<https://www.openedition.org/catalogue-notebooks>). You must inform the Hypotheses team of any change to the title, particularly if the blog has an ISSN.

Please note that blogs are not automatically added to the catalogue. Blogs are added to the catalogue once they are structured and regularly updated.

Subtitle

Please write your answer here:

* Suggested URL

Please write your answer here:

The template for our URLs is <https://xxx.hypotheses.org>.

The URL must be short (**no more than 10 characters**) and must not contain accents, dashes, punctuation or special characters.

The URL and the blog's title do not have to be identical. However, the URL is permanent and cannot be modified once the blog is created.

Examples:

- <https://foxglove.hypotheses.org> (<https://foxglove.hypotheses.org/>) for Foxglove
- <https://oep.hypotheses.org> (<https://oep.hypotheses.org/>) for the blog Open electronic publishing
- <https://psan.hypotheses.org> (<https://psan.hypotheses.org/>) for Post-Soviet Armies Newsletter

Each URL is unique and attributed to one blog only. You can check whether a URL is available by typing it into your browser e.g. potentialname.hypotheses.org. If a blog is displayed, that means the URL is already taken.

* Editorial project presentation

Please write your answer here:

The blog's editorial project presentation allows the Hypotheses team and Academic Council to process your application. It should be as precise as possible. It must include the topics it will focus on, the blog's purpose, and can include the expected readership.

This presentation will be published on the blog as it is created. It will also be included in the blog's record when it is added to the [OpenEdition catalogue](https://www.openedition.org/catalogue-notebooks) (<https://www.openedition.org/catalogue-notebooks>). It can be modified once the blog has been created.

Editorial project presentation in another language

Please write your answer here:

This presentation text will be published on the blog when it is created and on the blog's record on the [OpenEdition catalogue](https://www.openedition.org/catalogue-notebooks) ([http://www.openedition.org/catalogue-notebooks](https://www.openedition.org/catalogue-notebooks)). The catalogue can display descriptions in several languages. You can use this functionality to increase your blog's visibility on the internet. It can be shorter than the presentation in the main language and can be modified once the blog has been created.

* Tagline in the blog's main language of publication

Please write your answer here:

A tagline can be used to briefly sum up the aim of your blog (160 characters maximum, including spaces). It will be included in your blog's entry in the OpenEdition catalogue. It can be modified once the blog has been created.

Examples

- A blog following the archaeological digs of Ayn Soukhna and Ouadi el-Jarf on the western coast of the Gulf of Suez
- A research blog on the history of perfumes and aromatic substances in China

Tagline in English

Please write your answer here:

The English version of the tagline (160 characters maximum, including spaces) enhances our indexing work and improves the visibility of your blog on the Internet and among our international partners. It will be included in your blog's entry in the OpenEdition catalogue. It can be modified once the blog has been created.

e.g. This academic blog is dedicated to "Britaix 17-18", a research seminar on the 17th and 18th centuries at Aix-Marseille University

* Type of blog

Choose one of the following answers

If you choose 'Other (specify)' please also specify your choice in the accompanying text field.

Please choose **only one** of the following:

The choice of blog type has no noticeable effect on the blog's appearance. It facilitates the validation of the blog application. The blog type is included when a blog is added to the catalogue, so that users can search for a particular type of blog in the [OpenEdition catalogue](https://www.openedition.org/catalogue-notebooks). (<https://www.openedition.org/catalogue-notebooks>)

- ☐ Event blog (e.g. : *Inequality, Education and Social Power* (<http://ies.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Library blog (e.g. : *Rare & Special* (<http://flarbscs.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Researcher's blog (e.g. : *Botanical Letters* (<http://botanical.org>))
- ☐ Debate and discussion blog (e.g. : *We think History* (<http://wethink.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Master's blog (e.g. : *EN-Globe* (<http://englobe.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Methodology blog (e.g. : *Quanti* (<http://quanti.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Research programme blog (e.g. : *Open Jerusalem* (<http://openjlem.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Publication support blog (e.g. : *Vertigo* (<http://vertigo.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Seminar blog (e.g. : *Mobilité, migrations et diaspora d'Asie du Sud* (<http://midas.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Research organization blog (e.g. : *DARIAH-RE* (<http://dariahre.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Fieldwork blog (e.g. : *Le blog de la grotte des Fraux* (<http://champslibres.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Thesis blog (e.g. : *A muse of fire* (<http://museoffire.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ News scan blog (e.g. : *Le Cresson veille* (<http://lcv.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Popular science blog (e.g. : *The Recipes Project* (<http://recipes.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Media blog (e.g. : *Le carnet d'images de l'IFPO* (<http://ifpoimages.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Bibliography (e.g.. : *Bibliographie des éditions françaises du seizième siècle* (<http://bel16.hypotheses.org>))
- ☐ Other (specify)

* What kind of content would you like to publish?

Check all that apply

Please choose **all** that apply:

Tick as many boxes as you wish

- ☐ Posts about news
- ☐ On-going research notes
- ☐ Books reviews
- ☐ Conferences reviews
- ☐ Announcements in a specific humanities and social sciences field
- ☐ Science watch posts
- ☐ Presentation of your research team, academic institute, laboratory
- ☐ Links
- ☐ Bibliography
- ☐ Other (specify):

* Who will publish content on the blog?

Choose one of the following answers

Please choose **only one** of the following:

- ☐ A single blogger

☐ A team of bloggers

How often do you plan to publish content on your blog?

Please write your answer here:

This can be estimate. It enables the Hypotheses team to form a clearer idea of your plans for the blog.

EXAMPLE - DO NOT FILL IN

Step 2 - Migration from an existing blog

In certain cases, it is possible to migrate content from an existing blog to the [Hypotheses platform \(https://en.hypotheses.org/\)](https://en.hypotheses.org/) (posts, authors, categories and media). We will confirm whether it is possible to migrate your content once your application has been accepted and your blog created.

* Do you need to migrate contents from an existing blog?

Please choose **only one** of the following:

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

What is the url of the original blog?

Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:

Answer was 'Yes' at question '13 [migration_ouinon]' (Do you need to migrate contents from an existing blog?)

Please write your answer here:

Name of the hosting service (Blogspot, Wordpress, etc.) or software used (Joomla, Drupal, etc.).

Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:

Answer was 'Yes' at question '13 [migration_ouinon]' (Do you need to migrate contents from an existing blog?)

Please write your answer here:

Step 3 - Thematic classification

Our blogs are indexed in two classification systems operated by OpenEdition's information systems and those of our partners. These classifications allow users to access blogs listed in the OpenEdition [catalogue](http://www.openedition.org/catalogue-notebooks) (<http://www.openedition.org/catalogue-notebooks>) via theme- or discipline-specific searches, as well as ensuring that Hypotheses blogs are well referenced by our partners.

The first classification is the OpenEdition Index, which is used across the four platforms (Revue.org, OpenEdition Books, Calenda and Hypotheses). It is also used by [Isidore](http://www.rechercheisidore.fr/) (<http://www.rechercheisidore.fr/>). The second classification is based on a general classification maintained by the [Observatoire des Sciences et des Techniques \(OST\)](http://www.obs-ost.fr) (<http://www.obs-ost.fr>) and a detailed classification maintained by the [Information Sciences Institute \(ISI\)](http://www3.isi.edu/home) (<http://www3.isi.edu/home>). The two indexing systems are complementary.

* OpenEdition index

Check all that apply

Please select at most 2 answers

Please choose **all** that apply:

Please select a maximum of 2 main categories.

- ☐ Sociology
- ☐ Ethnology, anthropology
- ☐ Science studies
- ☐ Urban studies
- ☐ Geography
- ☐ History
- ☐ Economy
- ☐ Political studies
- ☐ Law
- ☐ Thought
- ☐ Religions
- ☐ Psyche
- ☐ Language
- ☐ Information
- ☐ Representation
- ☐ Education
- ☐ Epistemology and methodology
- ☐ Prehistory and Antiquity
- ☐ Middle Ages
- ☐ Early Modern
- ☐ Modern
- ☐ Africa
- ☐ America
- ☐ Asia

- ☐ Europe
- ☐ Oceania

OpenEdition index

Check all that apply

Please select at most 4 answers

Please choose **all** that apply:

Please select a maximum of 4 subsidiary categories.

- ☐ Sociology > Gender studies
- ☐ Sociology > Sociology of consumption
- ☐ Sociology > Sociology of culture
- ☐ Sociology > Sociology of health
- ☐ Sociology > Sociology of work
- ☐ Sociology > Economic sociology
- ☐ Sociology > Urban sociology
- ☐ Sociology > Sport and recreation
- ☐ Sociology > Ages of life
- ☐ Sociology > Demography
- ☐ Sociology > Criminology
- ☐ Ethnology, anthropology > Cultural anthropology
- ☐ Ethnology, anthropology > Political anthropology
- ☐ Ethnology, anthropology > Religious anthropology
- ☐ Ethnology, anthropology > Social anthropology
- ☐ Science studies > History of science
- ☐ Science studies > Philosophy of science
- ☐ Science studies > Sociology of science
- ☐ Law > Legal history
- ☐ Law > Sociology of law
- ☐ Economy > Political economy
- ☐ Economy > Economic development
- ☐ Economy > Management
- ☐ Economy > Labour, employment
- ☐ Political studies > Political history
- ☐ Political studies > Political institutions
- ☐ Political studies > Political and social movements
- ☐ Political studies > Governance and public policies
- ☐ Political studies > International relations
- ☐ Political studies > Political science
- ☐ Political studies > Political sociology

- ☐ Political studies > Wars, conflicts, violence
- ☐ Political studies > Wars, conflicts, violence > Genocides and massacres
- ☐ Geography > Epistemology and history of geography
- ☐ Geography > society and territory
- ☐ Geography > Géographie : politics, culture and representation
- ☐ Geography > Rural geography
- ☐ Geography > Urban geography
- ☐ Geography > Migration, immigration, minorities
- ☐ Geography > Systems, modelling, geostatistics
- ☐ Geography > Nature, landscape and environment
- ☐ Geography > Applied geography and planning
- ☐ History > Women's history
- ☐ History > Labour history
- ☐ History > Economic history
- ☐ History > Industrial history
- ☐ History > Rural history
- ☐ History > Social history
- ☐ History > Urban history
- ☐ Thought > Intellectual history
- ☐ Thought > Philosophy
- ☐ Thought > Cognitive science
- ☐ Religion > History of religions
- ☐ Religion > Sociology of religion
- ☐ Education > History of education
- ☐ Education > Educational sciences
- ☐ Epistemology and methodology > Research and researchers
- ☐ Epistemology and methodology > Biographical approaches
- ☐ Epistemology and methodology > Corpus approaches, surveys, archives
- ☐ Epistemology and methodology > Archaeology
- ☐ Epistemology and methodology > Mapping, imagery, GIS
- ☐ Epistemology and methodology > Epistemology
- ☐ Epistemology and methodology > Historiography
- ☐ Epistemology and methodology > Methods of processing and representation
- ☐ Epistemology and methodology > Methods of processing and representation > Quantitative methods
- ☐ Epistemology and methodology > Methods of processing and representation > Qualitative methods
- ☐ Epistemology and methodology > Auxiliary sciences of history
- ☐ Epistemology and methodology > Digital humanities
- ☐ Information > Electronic publishing
- ☐ Information > History and sociology of the press

- ☐ Information > History and sociology of the media
- ☐ Information > History and sociology of the book
- ☐ Information > Information sciences
- ☐ Language > Linguistics
- ☐ Language > Literature
- ☐ Psyche > Psychoanalysis
- ☐ Psyche > Psychology
- ☐ Representation > Architecture
- ☐ Representation > Visual studies
- ☐ Representation > Cultural history
- ☐ Representation > History of art
- ☐ Representation > Cultural identities
- ☐ Representation > Heritage
- ☐ Early modern > French Revolution
- ☐ Early modern > Sixteenth century
- ☐ Early modern > Seventeenth century
- ☐ Early modern > Eighteenth century
- ☐ Modern > Nineteenth century
- ☐ Modern > Twentieth century
- ☐ Modern > Twentieth century > 1914-1918
- ☐ Modern > Twentieth century > 1918-1939
- ☐ Modern > Twentieth century > 1939-1945
- ☐ Modern > Twentieth century > 1945 - 1989
- ☐ Modern > Twentieth century > 1989 to the present day
- ☐ Modern > Twenty-first century
- ☐ Modern > Prospective
- ☐ Middle Ages > Early Middle Ages
- ☐ Middle Ages > High and late Middle Ages
- ☐ Prehistory and Antiquity > Ancient Egypt
- ☐ Prehistory and Antiquity > Greek history
- ☐ Prehistory and Antiquity > Roman history
- ☐ Prehistory and Antiquity > Eastern world
- ☐ Prehistory and Antiquity > Prehistory
- ☐ Africa > North Africa
- ☐ Africa > North Africa > Algeria
- ☐ Africa > Sub-Saharan Africa
- ☐ Africa > Sub-Saharan Africa > Southern Africa
- ☐ Africa > Sub-Saharan Africa > Central Africa
- ☐ Africa > Sub-Saharan Africa > East Africa

- ☐ Africa > Sub-Saharan Africa > West Africa
- ☐ America > Canada
- ☐ America > United States
- ☐ America > Latin America
- ☐ America > Latin America > Brazil
- ☐ America > Latin America > Southern Cone
- ☐ America > Latin America > Mexico and Central America
- ☐ America > Latin America > Andean countries
- ☐ Asia > Central Asia
- ☐ Asia > Persian world
- ☐ Asia > Middle East
- ☐ Asia > Near East
- ☐ Asia > Indian world
- ☐ Asia > Southeast Asia
- ☐ Asia > Far East
- ☐ Asia > Far East > China
- ☐ Asia > Far East > Japan
- ☐ Europe > Balkans
- ☐ Europe > Belgium
- ☐ Europe > Central and Eastern Europe
- ☐ Europe > Central and Eastern Europe > Russian and former Soviet worlds
- ☐ Europe > France
- ☐ Europe > British and Irish Isles
- ☐ Europe > Italy
- ☐ Europe > Mediterranean regions
- ☐ Europe > Germanic world
- ☐ Europe > Baltic and Scandinavian countries
- ☐ Europe > Iberian Peninsula
- ☐ Europe > Switzerland
- ☐ Oceania

*** OST (Observatoire des Sciences et Techniques (<http://www.obs-ost.fr/>))**
Index

Check all that apply
 Please select at most 2 answers

Please choose **all** that apply:

Please select a maximum of 2 main categories.

- ☐ Economics
- ☐ Education

- ☐ Environmental studies, Geography & Development
- ☐ Law
- ☐ Library, Information & Communication sciences
- ☐ Management
- ☐ Political Science & Public Administration
- ☐ Psychiatry
- ☐ Psychology
- ☐ Public Health & Health Care Science
- ☐ Social Work & Social Policy
- ☐ Sociology & Anthropology
- ☐ Language & Linguistics
- ☐ History & Archeology
- ☐ Literature
- ☐ Arts & Humanities
- ☐ Multidisciplinary

ISI (Information Science Institute (<http://www3.isi.edu/home>)) index

Check all that apply

Please select at most 4 answers

Please choose **all** that apply:

Please select a maximum of 4 subsidiary categories.

- ☐ Economics > Economics
- ☐ Economics > Business
- ☐ Economics > Business, Finance
- ☐ Education > Education & Educational Research
- ☐ Education > Education, special
- ☐ Education > Education, Scientific Disciplines
- ☐ Law > Law
- ☐ Law > Criminology & Penology
- ☐ Library, Information & Communication sciences > Information Science & Library Science
- ☐ Library, Information & Communication sciences > Communication
- ☐ Management > Ergonomics
- ☐ Management > Industrial relations & Labor
- ☐ Management > Management
- ☐ Management > Planning and development
- ☐ Management > Transportation
- ☐ Political Science & Public Administration > International relations
- ☐ Political Science & Public Administration > Political Science

- ☐ Political Science & Public Administration > Public Administration
- ☐ Psychiatry > Psychiatry
- ☐ Psychology > Psychology, Applied
- ☐ Psychology > Psychology, Biological
- ☐ Psychology > Psychology, Clinical
- ☐ Psychology > Psychology, Developmental
- ☐ Psychology > Psychology, Educational
- ☐ Psychology > Psychology, Experimental
- ☐ Psychology > Psychology, Multidisciplinary
- ☐ Psychology > Psychology, Psychoanalysis
- ☐ Psychology > Psychology, Social
- ☐ Public Health & Health Care Science > Ethics
- ☐ Public Health & Health Care Science > Health Policy & Services
- ☐ Public Health & Health Care Science > Nursing
- ☐ Public Health & Health Care Science > Social Sciences, Biomedical
- ☐ Public Health & Health Care Science > Substance Abuse
- ☐ Social Work & Social Policy > Ethnic Studies
- ☐ Social Work & Social Policy > Family Studies
- ☐ Social Work & Social Policy > Social Issues
- ☐ Social Work & Social Policy > Social Work
- ☐ Sociology & Anthropology > Anthropology
- ☐ Sociology & Anthropology > Area Studies
- ☐ Sociology & Anthropology > Sociology
- ☐ Sociology & Anthropology > Women's Studies
- ☐ Language & Linguistics > Applied Linguistics
- ☐ Language & Linguistics > Language & Linguistics Theory
- ☐ History & Archeology > History
- ☐ History & Archeology > History & Philosophy of Science
- ☐ History & Archeology > History of Social Sciences
- ☐ History & Archeology > Archeology
- ☐ Literature > Literary reviews
- ☐ Literature > Literary Theory & Criticism
- ☐ Literature > Literature
- ☐ Literature > Literature, British Isles
- ☐ Literature > Literature, Romance
- ☐ Arts & Humanities > Architecture
- ☐ Arts & Humanities > Art
- ☐ Arts & Humanities > Asian Studies
- ☐ Arts & Humanities > Classics

- ☐ Arts & Humanities > Folklore
- ☐ Arts & Humanities > Humanities, Multidisciplinary
- ☐ Arts & Humanities > Music
- ☐ Arts & Humanities > Philosophy
- ☐ Arts & Humanities > Religion
- ☐ Multidisciplinary > Social Sciences, Interdisciplinary

EXAMPLE - DO NOT FILL IN

Step 4 - Name and address

For the next questions, please indicate the details of the blog's editor in chief (person who is in charge of and responsible for the blog). This person will be the Hypotheses team's main contact, particularly during the blog creation process. The main editor will have legal responsibility over the blog's content. If you fill out this form for the editor in chief, please provide their contact details.

* Last name

Please write your answer here:

* First name

Please write your answer here:

What is the academic affiliation and function of the editor in chief?

Please write your answer here:

For instance, specify if they are a researcher, archivist, PhD student, engineer, and what university, institute, library or laboratory they are affiliated to (these examples are not exhaustive).

* What is your professional address?

Please write your answer here:

This address will be shown in your blog's entry in the OpenEdition catalogue. If the blog is associated with an institution, please provide that institution's address.

* Country

Choose one of the following answers

Please choose **only one** of the following:

Please select from the list below

- ☐ Germany
- ☐ Spain
- ☐ France
- ☐ Italy
- ☐ Portugal
- ☐ United Kingdom
- ☐ Canada

☐ Other (specify)

Work phone number

Please write your answer here:

Please use the international dial code e.g. +33 (0)0 00 00 00 00

This information will not be published. It will be used to contact you if there is a problem.

* Email

Please check the format of your answer.

Please write your answer here:

Please note that this address will be used to configure the blog's first administrator account. The username and password for this account will be sent to this email address, which will be used as the contact address during the process of validating and creating the blog.

Do you have an account on a/several social network(s)?

Please write your answer here:

This information is requested for communications purposes and to enhance the visibility of your content. However, it will not be taken into account when examining your application.

* Which bloggers' discussion list would you like to be subscribed to?

Check all that apply

Please choose **all** that apply:

Our discussion lists are the team's main way of communicating with the Hypotheses blogging communities. The aim of the lists is to encourage bloggers to exchange tips and help each other (technical problems, tips, maintenance, technical changes, etc.). The Hypotheses team cannot provide in-depth support to each blog. We therefore strongly recommend that you subscribe to one of these lists. The lists are moderated by the Hypotheses team and by our international partners. Feel free to ask questions, provide answers and share your experiences. It is possible for several bloggers from the same blog to sign up to the lists; please write to us at hypotheses@openedition.org if this is the case.

- ☐ The French-language list
- ☐ The Spanish-language list
- ☐ The German-language list
- ☐ The English-language list

Please state whether your blog is affiliated to one or several institutions (CNRS, EHESS, university, learned society, laboratory, voluntary organization, etc.)

Please write your answer here:

This information will be particularly useful when it comes to attributing an ISSN to your blog when it is added to the catalogue. It is possible for a blog not to be affiliated to an institution.