edm:Collection
edm:Collection
Two approaches

1. Create one mapping that includes both the edm:Collection and the edm:ProvidedCHOs

2. Create a mapping for the edm:Collection and another mapping for the edm:ProvidedCHOs
edm:Collection – Approach 1

- Use **EDM Sounds** as target schema
- The relation of a edm:ProvidedCHO and its aggregation is set by default
edm:Collection – Approach 1

- The relation of a edm:ProvidedCHO and its aggregation is set by default

```
edm:aggregatedCHO

edm:ProvidedCHO → ore:Aggregation

edm:aggregatedCHO

edm:ProvidedCHO → ore:Aggregation

edm:aggregatedCHO

edm:ProvidedCHO → ore:Aggregation

No of PCHOS = No of Items imported
```
Create one instance of the edm:Collection class and relate it to a new ore: Aggregation.
edm:Collection – Approach 1

- Create an instance of the edm:Collection class and relate it to a new ore: Aggregation

Diagram:
- edm:Collection
- ore: Aggregation
- edm:aggregatedCHO
edm:Collection – Approach 1

- Relate your edm:ProvidedCHOs to the collection you’ve made

No of PCHOS = No of Items imported
Relate your edm:ProvidedCHOs to the collection you’ve made
edm:Collection – Approach 2

- Make a mapping for creating the edm:Collection
  - Use EDM Sounds Collection schema
  - Import
    - Either use a single XML/CSV file with metadata about the Collection
    - Or use an existing import and use ONLY constant mappings
edm:Collection – Approach 2

- The relation of the edm:Collection and its aggregation is set by default.
The relation of the edm:Collection and its aggregation is set by default.
edm:Collection – Approach 2

- Then make a **new** mapping using **EDM Sounds** for creating the edm:ProvidedCHOs and relate them to the edm:Collection you’ve made.
edm:Collection – Approach 2

- Then make a new mapping using **EDM Sounds** for creating the edm:ProvidedCHOs and relate them to the edm:Collection you’ve made.

![Diagram showing EDM sounds integration and relationship with edm:ProvidedCHO and edm:Collection]

- **No of PCHOS** = **No of Items imported**
edm:Collection - Ordered

dcterm:isPartOf

edm:aggregatedCHO

edm: Collection

edm: ProvidedCHO 1

dcterm:isPartOf

edm: ProvidedCHO 2

dcterm:isPartOf

edm: ProvidedCHO 3

dcterm:isPartOf

edm:isNextInSequence

edm:isNextInSequence

edm:isNextInSequence

ore: Aggregation
edm:isNextInSequence

- Use the edm:isNextInSequence property in the mapping that creates the edm:ProvidedCHO (EDM Sounds) and link to the id of the previous record.
Thank You

Nikolaos Simou

National Technical University of Athens

Email: nsimou@image.ntua.gr
LinkedIn: http://www.linkedin.com/pub/nikolaos-simou/68/31a/9aa
Thesaurus mapping
Bookmarks have been created for the elements that are controlled by vocabularies.
Thesaurus mapping

- Double click on an element that is controlled by a thesaurus.
The terminology browser pane appears.
Thesaurus mapping

- Navigate through it
  - By searching for a term e.g. Jazz
  - By using the hierarchy
    - for more specific terms (narrower)
    - for less specific terms (broader)
- Select the term you like by clicking on it
Instead of applying a value to your whole dataset you can align your in-house terms to vocabulary terms.

First map the xpath that holds your in-house terms to an element that is controlled by a vocabulary.
Thesaurus mapping

- After that, click on the value mapping icon (=)
  - Select a term from your metadata
    e.g. Louis Armstrong
  - Select a term from the vocabulary
    e.g. Jazz
- Click on the add button to align them